# Mental Health 101

#### WHAT IS MENTAL HEALTH?

Mental health includes our emotional, psychological, and social well-being. Many factors contribute to mental health problems, including:

- biological factors, such as genes or brain chemistry
- life experiences, such as trauma or abuse
- family history of mental health problems

## Mental Health Providers & Services



1 (800) 273-TALK (8255)

**Boys Town National Hotline:** 1 (800) 448-3000

**Find Treatment with SAMHSA:** www.samhsa.gov/

- eating or sleeping too much or too littlepulling away from people and usual
- activities
- having low energy
- feeling numb
- having unexplained aches and pains
- feeling helpless or hopeless
- smoking, drinking, or using drugs more than usual
- feeling unusually confused, forgetful, on edge, angry, upset, worried, or scared
- yelling or fighting with family and friends
- experiencing severe mood swings that cause problems in relationships
- having persistent thoughts and memories
- hearing voices or believing things that are not true
- thinking of harming yourself or others
- inability to perform daily tasks

## Recovery is possible.

Most people with mental health problems can get better. Treatment and recovery are ongoing processes that happen over time. The first step is getting help.

Recovery is a process of change through which individuals:

- improve their health and wellness
- live a self-directed life
- strive to achieve their full potential

### Four Dimensions Of Recovery

**Health:** overcoming or managing one's symptoms and making informed choices that support physical and emotional well-being

Home: having a stable and safe place to live

**Purpose:** engaging in meaningful daily activities, such as attending school, working a job, volunteering, caring for others, or being creative.

**Community:** building relationships and networks that provide support, friendship, love, and hope

Early warning Signs